

Africa is coming .Who is ready to welcome¹ ?

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SUMMARY

Giulio Meotti, Italian journalist and author pointed out an important issue in his last article about demographic pressure which comes from Africa to Europe(1).

According to the UN Projection ,during the next thirty years, the population of Africa is expected to increase by one billion.Global population growth is slowing, but Africa and Asia will still see a large population expansion. As a whole, the world population is growing older. Ageing is now also accelerating in low-income countries, where the process tends to start earlier and is becoming more pronounced in rural areas

Should these population projections materialize, the increases could seriously jeopardize the overall development prospects of these countries.Rapid population growth changes the population structure, with younger generations making up an increasing share of the overall population.

Between 2015 and 2050, in low- and middle-income countries, the number of people between 15 and 24 years of age is expected to rise from about 1 billion to 1.2 billion. Most of these young people are expected to live in sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia, particularly in rural areas, where jobs will likely to be difficult to find.

Without sufficient employment opportunities, this population trend may lead to a more rapid rate of outmigration. The impacts of outmigration are already being felt in some emigration destinations, not only at the national level, but also abroad, notably in Europe and high-income countries in other regions.In this article we try to highlighted the most applicable and right approach to the problem.

Keywords: Africa,Immigration, Younger Population,

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1.INTRODUCTION

The current situation and estimation about Africa's future will be dominant for the modern World . We realized that modern World did not even take into consideration this issue. But we will realize in soon that we must have been . Why international community should take into account the Africa more than before? The answer of this emerging question is clear .

If they still live without electricity, water and food in this black continent in the 21 st Century,There will be one way to use for them : Outmigration.

Because ;

- During the next thirty years, the population of Africa is expected to increase by one billion.
- The French economist Charles Gave recently predicted that France will have a Muslim majority by 2057 -- and this estimate did not even take into consideration the number of expected new migrants.
- No doubt, Africa's exploding population will try to reach the shores of a wealthy, senile Europe,

This situation forced some European experts to ask the question as “Will Europe protect its borders and civilization before it is submerged ?”

Or the question can be asked in a different way as we did . Africa is coming .Who is ready to welcome ?

According to the UN's annual demographic report, "[World Population Prospects](#)," one-sixth of the world's population currently lives in Africa. By 2050, the proportion will be one-quarter, and at the end of the century -- when Africa will have four billion people -- one-third.(1).



2.AFRICA TODAY,

In Africa today there are four times more births than deaths. According to figures for 2017, the total fertility rate is 4.5 children per woman, against 1.6 in Europe. During the next thirty years, the population of Africa is expected to increase by one billion. It is not hard to imagine how mass illegal immigration will affect Europe through such unprecedented demographic pressure. African demography has already begun pressing on the "old continent".(1)

3. EUROPE TODAY

When supporters of open borders states **some** millions migrants are nothing in a European population of 500 million people, some experts were against this approach explaining that this comparison is wrong, the right comparison is between recent arrivals and new births

In 2015 and 2016, 5.1 million children were born in Europe. In the same period, according to a Pew Research Center report, approximately 2.5 million migrants reached Europe. And, as many countries, such as France, refuse to list the new births according to ethnic origin, there is no way to know how many of Europe's births can be attributed to Muslim communities(1).

The UN studies also report that "Europe" means not only the EU but enlarged continent to the east. In 1950, Europeans numbered 549 million; in 2017, 742 million. In 2050 they are expected to number 715 million. In 2100 the number is projected to drop to 653 million. So, in 30 years, due to the demographic collapse, Europe will lose 30 million people and, by the end of the century, almost 100 million(1). "Birth control" has worked most effectively in Europe, which demographically did not need it, and worst in Africa, which did.

Aging Europe

Figure 1.2 Population growth to 2100, by region (medium variant)

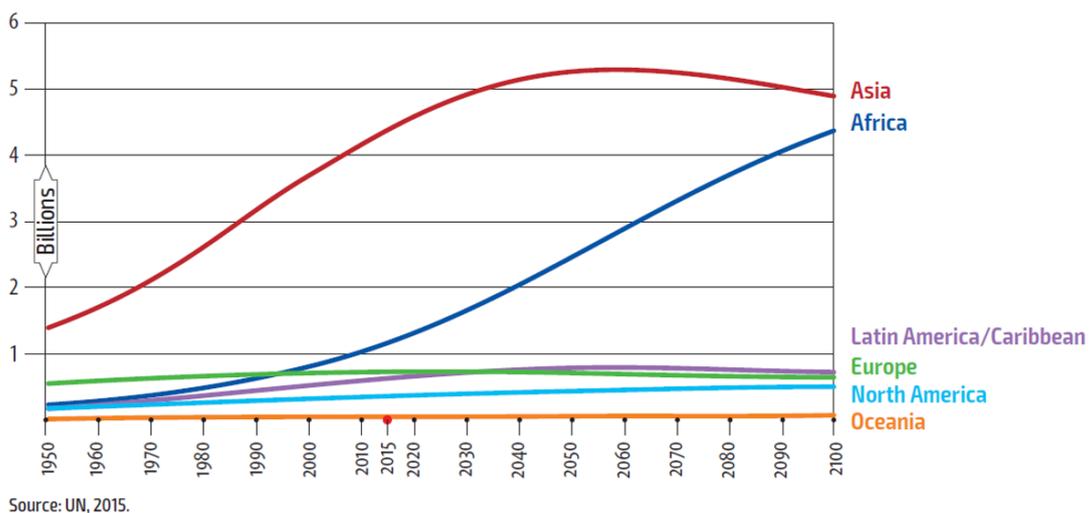


Figure 1. Population growth to 2100, by region (medium variant) Source: UN, 2015.

Europe is committing social euthanasia. Germany is projected to lose 11 million people; Bulgaria will go from 7 to 4 million; Estonia, from 1.3 million to 890 thousand; Greece, from 11 to 7 million; Italy from 59 to 47 million; Portugal from 10 to 6 million; Poland from 38 to

21 million, Romania from 19 to 12 million and Spain from 46 to 36 million. Russia is expected to shrink from 143 to 124 million(1).

Among countries with population growth, France is expected to grow from 64 to 74 million, and the UK from 66 to 80 million. Sweden is projected to grow from 9 million to 13 million, and Norway from 5 million to 8 million. Belgium's population of 11 million is expected to increase by 2 million. These five European countries are also among those with the highest proportion of Muslims(1).

In addition, last week a new Eurostat report related that the number of deaths in the "old continent Europe " rose 5.7% in one year, due to a population that is aging, but that the demographic growth in high-density immigrants areas is tremendous:

The French economist Charles Gave recently predicted that France will have a Muslim majority by 2057 -- and this estimate did not even take into consideration the number of expected new migrants(1)

Recently, the UK Office of National Statistics announced that this year, among newborn boys, Muhammad is one of the most popular names. The same is true in the Netherlands' four biggest cities and Oslo, Norway(1).

4.CONCLUSIONS

No doubt, Africa's exploding population will try to reach the shores of a wealthy, senile Europe, which is already undergoing an internal demographic revolution.

One can approach to this issue to retain its culture making hard-headed decisions, This may lead to protect its borders and civilization from mass migration. But to achieve this goal, protection measures will not be only enough. We need to change our paradigm for globalization.

From the beginning of the 21 st Century we have seen some positive approach to solve water ,energy,food security problems in Africa that have been urgent to solve .We see that this international approach has also changed the Nile Hydropolitics building Grand Reinecensanse Dam that is almost completed . We also see some dams and irrigation structures in other African Countries.

All these development indicate a new approach to Africa's cronic problems..In a way Africa in motion as we indicated in our article (3). But It needs stronger and faster motion than that of seen till now.

We are sure that nobody including Africans dont want to immigrate if they are not forced by difficult life statndarts in their home country. We should look at the root of the problems more than protective measures from the result of them.

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Biography



Dursun Yıldız is a hydropolitics expert and Director of the Hydropolitics Academy Association located in Ankara-Turkey .He is a civil engineer and used to be Deputy Director at State Hydraulic Works in Turkey; completed hydroinformatics post graduate course at the IHE in Delft,Technical training programme in USBR-USA and a master degree in Hydropolitics at the Hacettepe University-Turkey. He has over 5 years of teaching experiences in some Turkish Universities and now works as head of his own Hydro Energy & Strategy consulting company located in Ankara. He has published several international articles and 11 Books. He recieved Most Succesful Reseracher Award on International Water Issues from Turkish Agricultural Association in 2008 and from Central Union of Irrigation Cooperatives in 2016.

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